



House of Representatives

General Assembly

File No. 11

January Session, 2009

Substitute House Bill No. 5673

House of Representatives, February 24, 2009

The Committee on Insurance and Real Estate reported through REP. FONTANA, S. of the 87th Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the House, that the substitute bill ought to pass.

AN ACT CONCERNING HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE FOR WIGS FOR INDIVIDUALS WITH HAIR LOSS DUE TO A DIAGNOSED MEDICAL CONDITION.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Section 38a-504 of the general statutes is repealed and the
2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2010*):

3 (a) Each insurance company, hospital service corporation, medical
4 service corporation, health care center or fraternal benefit society
5 [which] that delivers, [or] issues for delivery, renews, amends or
6 continues in this state individual health insurance policies providing
7 coverage of the type specified in subdivisions (1), (2), (4), (10), (11) and
8 (12) of section 38a-469, shall provide coverage under such policies for
9 the surgical removal of tumors and treatment of leukemia, including
10 outpatient chemotherapy, reconstructive surgery, cost of any
11 nondental prosthesis including any maxillo-facial prosthesis used to
12 replace anatomic structures lost during treatment for head and neck

13 tumors or additional appliances essential for the support of such
14 prosthesis, outpatient chemotherapy following surgical procedure in
15 connection with the treatment of tumors, and a wig if prescribed by (1)
16 a licensed oncologist for a patient who suffers hair loss as a result of
17 chemotherapy, or (2) a licensed physician or a licensed advanced
18 practice registered nurse for a patient who suffers hair loss due to a
19 diagnosed medical condition other than androgenetic alopecia. Such
20 benefits shall be subject to the same terms and conditions applicable to
21 all other benefits under such policies.

22 (b) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, the coverage
23 required by subsection (a) of this section shall provide at least a yearly
24 benefit of five hundred dollars for the surgical removal of tumors, five
25 hundred dollars for reconstructive surgery, five hundred dollars for
26 outpatient chemotherapy, three hundred fifty dollars for a wig and
27 three hundred dollars for a nondental prosthesis, except that for
28 purposes of the surgical removal of breasts due to tumors the yearly
29 benefit for such prosthesis shall be at least three hundred dollars for
30 each breast removed.

31 (c) The coverage required by subsection (a) of this section shall
32 provide benefits for the reasonable costs of reconstructive surgery on
33 each breast on which a mastectomy has been performed, and
34 reconstructive surgery on a nondiseased breast to produce a
35 symmetrical appearance. Such benefits shall be subject to the same
36 terms and conditions applicable to all other benefits under such
37 policies. For the purposes of this subsection, reconstructive surgery
38 includes, but is not limited to, augmentation mammoplasty, reduction
39 mammoplasty and mastopexy.

40 Sec. 2. Section 38a-542 of the general statutes is repealed and the
41 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2010*):

42 (a) Each insurance company, hospital service corporation, medical
43 service corporation, health care center or fraternal benefit society
44 [which] that delivers, [or] issues for delivery, renews, amends or
45 continues in this state group health insurance policies providing

46 coverage of the type specified in subdivisions (1), (2), (4), (11) and (12)
47 of section 38a-469 shall provide coverage under such policies for
48 treatment of leukemia, including outpatient chemotherapy,
49 reconstructive surgery, cost of any nondental prosthesis, including any
50 maxillo-facial prosthesis used to replace anatomic structures lost
51 during treatment for head and neck tumors or additional appliances
52 essential for the support of such prosthesis, outpatient chemotherapy
53 following surgical procedures in connection with the treatment of
54 tumors, a wig if prescribed by (1) a licensed oncologist for a patient
55 who suffers hair loss as a result of chemotherapy, or (2) a licensed
56 physician or a licensed advanced practice registered nurse for a patient
57 who suffers hair loss due to a diagnosed medical condition other than
58 androgenetic alopecia, and costs of removal of any breast implant
59 which was implanted on or before July 1, 1994, without regard to the
60 purpose of such implantation, which removal is determined to be
61 medically necessary. Such benefits shall be subject to the same terms
62 and conditions applicable to all other benefits under such policies.

63 (b) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, the coverage
64 required by subsection (a) of this section shall provide at least a yearly
65 benefit of one thousand dollars for the costs of removal of any breast
66 implant, five hundred dollars for the surgical removal of tumors, five
67 hundred dollars for reconstructive surgery, five hundred dollars for
68 outpatient chemotherapy, three hundred fifty dollars for a wig and
69 three hundred dollars for a nondental prosthesis, except that for
70 purposes of the surgical removal of breasts due to tumors the yearly
71 benefit for such prosthesis shall be at least three hundred dollars for
72 each breast removed.

73 (c) The coverage required by subsection (a) of this section shall
74 provide benefits for the reasonable costs of reconstructive surgery on
75 each breast on which a mastectomy has been performed, and
76 reconstructive surgery on a nondiseased breast to produce a
77 symmetrical appearance. Such benefits shall be subject to the same
78 terms and conditions applicable to all other benefits under such
79 policies. For the purposes of this subsection, reconstructive surgery

80 includes, but is not limited to, augmentation mammoplasty, reduction
81 mammoplasty and mastopexy.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>January 1, 2010</i>	38a-504
Sec. 2	<i>January 1, 2010</i>	38a-542

INS *Joint Favorable Subst.*

The following Fiscal Impact Statement and Bill Analysis are prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for purposes of information, summarization and explanation and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.

OFA Fiscal Note**State Impact:**

Agency Affected	Fund-Effect	FY 10 \$	FY 11 \$
State Comptroller - Fringe Benefits	All Funds - Cost	650,000	1,300,00

Municipal Impact:

Municipalities	Effect	FY 10 \$	FY 11 \$
Various Municipalities	STATE MANDATE - Potential Cost	Potential	Potential

Explanation

The expanded coverage of wigs for individuals with hair loss caused by a diagnosed medical condition (other than following chemotherapy) is not provided under the current state employee plans. The bill expands coverage to any prescribed wig for patients suffering hair loss due to a medical condition other than androgenetic alopecia (e.g., male-patterned baldness). There are a significant number of medical conditions that can cause either temporary or permanent hair loss. As a result it estimated that there would be a \$1,300,000 annual cost associated with the expanded coverage of wigs mandated by the bill.

The bill may impact municipalities that have fully insured health plans and do not currently cover wigs for hair loss as required by the bill. The coverage requirements effective January 1, 2010 may result in increased premium costs when municipalities enter into new contracts for health insurance. Due to federal law, municipalities with self-insured health plans are exempt from state health insurance benefit mandates.

The Out Years

The annualized ongoing fiscal impact identified above would continue into the future subject to inflation.

Sources: Office of the State Comptroller, Municipal Employees Health Insurance Plan (MEHIP) Schedule of Benefits, State Employee Health Plan Subscriber Agreement, WebMD.

OLR Bill Analysis**sHB 5673*****AN ACT CONCERNING HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE FOR WIGS FOR INDIVIDUALS WITH HAIR LOSS DUE TO A DIAGNOSED MEDICAL CONDITION.*****SUMMARY:**

This bill expands current law regarding health insurance coverage for wigs. By law, certain health insurance policies must provide coverage for an oncologist-prescribed wig for a person with hair loss resulting from chemotherapy. The coverage must be subject to the same terms and conditions applicable to all other policy benefits, but be at least a yearly benefit of \$350. The bill requires that the coverage also include a licensed physician- or advanced practice registered nurse-prescribed wig for a person with hair loss caused by a diagnosed medical condition, except androgenetic alopecia (e.g., male-pattern baldness).

The bill applies certain insurance coverage requirements (i.e., treatment of tumors and leukemia, reconstructive surgery, nondental prosthesis, chemotherapy, and wigs for chemotherapy patients) to policies renewed, amended, or continued in Connecticut. By law, the requirements apply to policies issued or delivered in the state.

The bill also makes technical changes.

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 1, 2010

APPLICABILITY OF WIG COVERAGE REQUIREMENT

The bill's wig coverage requirement applies to each insurer, hospital or medical service corporation, HMO, or fraternal benefit society that delivers, issues, renews, amends, or continues in Connecticut, on and after January 1, 2010, (1) individual or group health insurance policies

that cover (a) basic hospital expenses; (b) basic medical-surgical expenses; (c) major medical expenses; and (d) hospital or medical services, including coverage under an HMO plan, and (2) individual health insurance policies that provide limited benefit health coverage.

COVERAGE FOR TREATMENT OF TUMORS AND LEUKEMIA, RECONSTRUCTIVE SURGERY, NONDENTAL PROSTHESIS, CHEMOTHERAPY, AND WIGS

The bill requires certain health insurance policies renewed, amended, or continued in Connecticut to provide coverage for:

1. surgical removal of tumors and outpatient chemotherapy following the surgery;
2. treatment of leukemia, including outpatient chemotherapy;
3. reconstructive surgery, including reconstructive surgery (such as augmentation or reduction mammoplasty and mastopexy) on a breast on which a mastectomy was performed and a nondiseased breast for symmetry;
4. nondental prosthesis, including any maxillo-facial prosthesis used to replace anatomic structures lost during treatment for head and neck tumors or additional appliances essential for the support of such a prosthesis; and
5. an oncologist-prescribed wig for a patient with hair loss resulting from chemotherapy.

Coverage must be subject to the same terms and conditions applicable to other benefits under the policy. But the policy must provide at least a yearly benefit of \$500 for the surgical removal of tumors, \$500 for reconstructive surgery, \$500 for outpatient chemotherapy, \$350 for a wig, and \$300 for a nondental prosthesis, unless the prosthesis is due to the surgical removal of breasts because of tumors, in which case the yearly benefit must be at least \$300 for each breast.

By law, policies issued or delivered in Connecticut must include these benefits.

Applicability

The bill applies the coverage requirements to each insurer, hospital or medical service corporation, HMO, or fraternal benefit society that renews, amends, or continues in Connecticut, on and after January 1, 2010, (1) individual or group health insurance policies that cover (a) basic hospital expenses; (b) basic medical-surgical expenses; (c) major medical expenses; and (d) hospital or medical services, including coverage under an HMO plan, and (2) individual health insurance policies that provide limited benefit health coverage.

BACKGROUND***Self-Insured Benefit Plans***

Due to federal law (ERISA), state insurance benefit mandates do not apply to self-insured benefit plans.

COMMITTEE ACTION

Insurance and Real Estate Committee

Joint Favorable Substitute

Yea 14 Nay 5 (02/10/2009)